Explore the motion of a basketball when throwing a three-pointer.
How can you score a basket every time? In this lesson, your students will observe how a basketball moves in order to recognize a patterns in its motion.


## Engage (Whole Class, 5 Minutes)

- Facilitate a quick discussion about basketball.
- Ask questions to get your students thinking. Here are some suggestions:
- What's a "three-pointer?" (A "three-pointer" is a basket that's scored from outside the three-point line.)
- Which forces makes the ball move? (Push/Pull)
- Which force makes the ball come back down? (Gravity)
- Transition your students to the building challenge.


## Explore (Individual Work, 20 Minutes)

- Have your students work independently to build the Basketball model by following steps 1 - 20 on page 16 of the building instructions (found in the box).
- The Student Worksheet will guide them as they experiment to discover patterns in the ball's motion.


## Explain (Whole Class, 10 Minutes)

- Prompt your students to explain how they've managed to score baskets.
- Ask questions like these:
- What patterns did you recognize in the ball's motion as the basket height changed? (As the height increased, it became more difficult to score a basket. This can lead to a discussion of why professional basketball hoops are a standard height.)
- How did you predict what would happen next?


## Elaborate (Individual Work, 10 Minutes)

- Have your students set the height of their baskets to position 8 and try to score from the farthest distance by changing the pivot position of the throwing arm. Note: This isn't mentioned on the Student Worksheet.


## Evaluate (Individual Work)

- Ask each student to give an example of a pattern of motion they've observed on their model.


## 2000471

## Three Pointer

How can you score every time?Build a throwing arm and basketball hoop. Turn to page 16 in the building instructions book. Follow Steps 1 to 12.Set the basketball hoop height to "1."Position the hoop and throwing arm on the squares to the right of this worksheet.Put the ball in the cup, pull the throwing arm back, and then let it go to shoot a three-pointer.Keep practicing. Make the hoop higher and move the pivot arm to different positions.Which hoop height and pivot arm position were the best?Explain the patterns you've seen in the ball's motion.




